



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

a drunken, worthless, unprincipled marshal-keeper, without property, or giving security; if he entrusts the choice of jurors to this worthless deputy, and allows him to accept of paupers and swindlers from amongst his own drunken associates, as good bail in matters of property, without requiring such bail to justify, and thereby to defraud the honest creditor, by encouraging the use of *writs of error*: in such a case, it would be evident, that the only use of a manor-court so conducted, would be to put money into the pockets of the Seneschal, his deputy the jailor, and the pettyfogging Attornies and Bailiffs of the court, at the expenses of those clients who could be so ill advised, as to apply for redress to such a tribunal.

SPECTATOR.

For the Belfast Monthly Magazine.

AT a period when the Lagan Canal is undergoing a repair, it may be satisfactory to lay before the public a calculation of the extent of the lakes in the County of Down, which might be brought to afford an additional supply of water to the head level. The expense of procuring them, would probably not be so great as the scheme projected last year of diverting the river Lagan above Maralin, for that purpose.

Lakes that supply Revaract River.

1st. Skelly's, about	20 Acres.
2d. Girvin's,	10
3d. Gill's,	20
4th. Gill's,	20
5th. Bow,	80
6th. Dunlough,	10
7th. Ennie,	120
8th. Maghranock,	60
9th. Bresagh,	60

400 Acres,

at the lowest computation, covered at the driest season; all the Lakes

are connected with Bresagh, the outlet of which is about 30 feet wide. A sluice put on the outlet, and kept to winter mark, would be, I believe, an ample supply for the canal.

J.C.H.

To the Proprietors of the Belfast Magazine.

GENTLEMEN,

ADHERING, as I do, to the sentiments contained in the following fugitive sheet, which was printed in the year 1800; and wishing, as far as I can, to give them a degree of permanence, I request you will make a record of them in a page or two of your Magazine. I am, &c.

W.D.

May 1st, 1813.

A PROTEST FROM ONE OF THE PEOPLE OF IRELAND AGAINST AN UNION WITH GREAT BRITAIN.

WHEREAS it has been deemed expedient for the purpose of consolidating the executive power of the Empire, and of meeting the temporary exigencies of the state, to extinguish the Irish Constitution, and to abolish the legislative independence of this Kingdom, immediately, totally, and for ever; I do think, that every Irishman, without regard to his rank or significance in life, while contemplating that common insignificance which is about to level all rank and station into the same low and despicable equality: every Irishman, without regard to a difference in the colours of party, or the rites of religion, who worships the same God, and is born and bred in the same land: every Irishman, without being awed by power, seduced by reward, or scared by ridicule, is summoned, at this extremity, not merely by honour or interest, but by the urgency of self-preservation; not merely by motives of per-